



Dr. Duke's Phytochemical and Ethnobotanical Databases

Ethnobotanical uses

Opuntia ficus-indica (CACTACEAE)

Burn(Radiation) Eb27: 215; Callus Hartwell; Corn Hartwell; Decongestant* Eb27: 215; Diabetes* Eb27: 212; Diarrhea Bliss; Diuretic Woi.Syria; Emollient* Eb27: 215, FontQuer, Woi.Syria; Favus Bliss; Internulcer Eb27: 215; Kidney Eb32: 24; Leprosy Eb33: 3; Measles Eb32: 24; Piles Bliss; Scald Eb27: 215; Sore Eb27: 215; Sunburn Eb27: 215; Tumor Hartwell; Wound Eb27: 215

* = Chemical(s) found in plant shown to be effective for the ailment medicated

** = Plant itself shown to be effective for the ailment medicated

Phytochemical Database, USDA - ARS - NGRL, Beltsville Agricultural Research Center, Beltsville, Maryland

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Dr. Duke's Phytochemical and Ethnobotanical Databases

Chemicals and their Biological Activities in: *Opuntia ficus-indica* (L.) MILL. (Cactaceae) -- Indian Fig, Nopal, Nopalito, Prickly Pear

Chemicals

ALANINE *Bud* 7,180 ppm; *Seed* 8,480 ppm;
Antioxidant; Cancer-Preventive; Oxidant

ARABINOSE *Gum*:
No activity reported.

ARGININE *Bud* 4,955 ppm; *Seed* 27,100 ppm;
Antidiabetic?; Antiencephalopathic; Antihepatitic; Antihypertensive; Antiimpotence;
Antiinfertility 4 g/day; Antioxidant?; Aphrodisiac 3 g/day; Diuretic; Hypoammonemic; NO-
Genic; Pituitary-Stimulant; Spermigenic 4 g/day; Vasodilator

ASCORBIC-ACID *Fruit* 65 - 1,690 ppm
Acidulant *FEMA* 6,000; Aldose-Reductase-Inhibitor; Analgesic 5-10 g/day; Angiotensin-
Receptor-Blocker; AntiAGE 2,000 mg/day; Antiaggregant; Antiaging 400 mg/day;
Antiarthritic 1 g/day; Antiasthmatic 1,000 mg/day; Antiatherosclerotic; Antibacterial;
Anticataract 350 mg/day 400 mg/day; Anticold 1-2 g/man/day; AntiCrohn's 50-100
mg/day/orl/man; Antidecubitic 500 mg/man/2x/day; Antidepressant 2,000 mg/day;
Antidiabetic; Antidote (Aluminum); Antidote (Cadmium); Antidote (Lead); Antidote
(Paraquat); Antieczemic 3.5-5 g/day; Antiedemic 1 g/man/day; Antiencephalitic;
Antigingivitic; Antiglaucomic 2 g/day; Antihemorrhagic 1 g/man/day; Antihepatitic 2-6
g/man/day; Antihepatotoxic; Antiherpetic 1-5 g/day; Antihistaminic 2 g/day orl man;
Antihypertensive; Antiinfertility 1 g/day; Antiinflammatory; Antileptic 1.5 g/man/day;
Antimeasles; Antimigraine; Antimutagenic; Antinitrosic 1 g/man/day; Antiobesity 1 g 3
x/day; Antiorchitic; Antiosteoarthritic 1 g 2 x/day; Antiosteoporotic 500 mg/day;
Antioxidant 100 ppm; Antiparkinsonian 1 g 2 x/day; Antiparotitic; Antiperiodontitic;
Antipneumonic; Antipodriac; Antipoliomyelitic; Antipyretic; Antiradicular; Antiscorbutic
10 mg/man/day; Antiseptic 4-8 g/day MIC=3.3-217 mg/ml; Antishingles; Antisyndrome-X
1-4 g/day; Antitumor (Lung); Antiulcer; Antiviral 1-5 g/day; Apoptotic 1-10 mM; Asthma-
preventive 1,000 mg/day/orl; Beta-Adrenergic Receptor Blocker; Beta-Glucuronidase-

Inhibitor 1.5 g/day/man; Calcium-Antagonist; Cancer-Preventive; Cold-preventive 1-2 g/day; Collagenic; Detoxicant; Diuretic 700 mg/man/orl; Fistula-Preventive; Hypocholesterolemic 300-1,000 mg/day; Hypoglycemic; Hypotensive 1,000 mg/man/day; Immunostimulant; Interferonogenic; Lithogenic; Mucolytic 1 g/woman/day; Pesticide; Uricosuric 4 g/man/day; Urinary-Acidulant; Vasodilator; Vulnerary

ASH Bud 235,000 ppm; Fruit 3,000 - 27,000 ppm Seed 31,700 - 241,000 ppm

No activity reported.

ASPARTIC-ACID Bud 8,315 ppm; Seed 15,900 ppm;

Antimorphinic; Neuroexcitant; Roborant

BETA-CAROTENE Bud 0.3 ppm; Fruit 0.08 - 0.09 ppm

Allergenic; Androgenic?; Antiacne; Antiaging; Antiasthmatic; Anticancer; Anticarcinomic; Anticoronary 50 mg/man/2 days; Antihyperkeratotic; Antiichthyotic; Antileukoplakic; Antilupus 150 mg/man/day/2 mos; Antimastitic; Antimutagenic; Antioxidant; Antiozenic; Antiphotophobic 30-300 mg/man/day; Antipityriatic; AntiPMS; Antiporphyrin; Antiproliferant; Antipsoriatic; Antiradicular; Antistress; Antitumor; Antiulcer 12 mg 3x/day/man/orl; Antixerophthalmic; Cancer-Preventive 22 ppm; Colorant; Immunostimulant 180 mg/man/day/orl; Interferon-Synergist; Mucogenic; Phagocytotic; Prooxidant 20 ug/g; Thymoprotective; Ubiquit

BETA-SITOSTEROL Flower:

Androgenic; Anorexic; Antiadenomic; Antiandrogenic; Antibacterial; Anticancer (Breast); Antiedemic IC₅₄=320 mg/kg orl; Antiestrogenic; Antifeedant; Antifertility; Antigonadotrophic; Antihyperlipoproteinaemic; Antiinflammatory; Antileukemic; Antilymphomic; Antimutagenic 250 ug/mL; Antiophidic 2.3 mg mus; Antioxidant IC₄₄=10 uM; Antiprogestational; Antiprostaglandin 30 mg/day/12 wks; Antiprostataadenomic; Antiprostatic 10-20 mg/3 x/day/orl man; Antipyretic; Antitumor (Breast); Antitumor (Cervix); Antitumor (Lung); Antiviral; Artemicide LC₅₀=110 ppm; Cancer-Preventive; Candidicide; Estrogenic; Febrifuge; Gonadotrophic; Hepatoprotective; Hypocholesterolemic 2-6 g/man/day/orl 9-3,330 mg/man/day/orl; Hypoglycemic; Hypolipidemic 2-6 g/day; Pesticide; Spermicide; Ubiquit; Ulcerogenic 500 mg/kg ipr rat

BETANIN Fruit:

Antioxidant; Antiperoxidant; Heme-Sparing; Lipxygenase-Inhibitor IC₅₀=0.5 uM; Pigment

CALCIUM Be 560 ppm; Fruit 180 - 3,065 ppm

Antiallergic 500 mg/day; Antianxiety; Antiatherosclerotic; Antidepressant; Antidote (Aluminum); Antidote (Lead); Antihyperkinetic; Antihypertensive; Antiinsomniac; Antiosteoporotic; Antiperiodontitic 750 mg/day; AntiPMS 1 g/day; Antitic; Calcium-Channel-Blocker; Diuretic; Hypocholesterolemic 500 mg/day; Hypotensive 1 g/day; Vasodilator

CALCIUM-OXALATE Fruit:

Emetic; Inflammatory; Laxative; Lithogenic

CARBOHYDRATES Bud 118,600 ppm; Fruit 56,000 - 892,000 ppm Seed 482,000 - 558,000 ppm

No activity reported.

CELLULOSE *Fruit 13,000 ppm;*
Hemostat

CITRIC-ACID *Fruit 475 - 4,560 ppm*

Allergenic; Alpha-Amylase-Inhibitor; Antiaphthic 20,000 ppm; Antiatherosclerotic;
Antibacterial; Anticalculic; Anticoagulant; Antimutagenic; Antioxidant Synergist;
Antiseborrheic; Antiseptic; Antitubercular; Antitumor; Disinfectant; FLavor FEMA 370-
4,400; Hemostat; Irritant; Laxative?; Litholytic; Mycobactericide; Odontolytic; Refrigerant

COPPER *Seed 3.4 ppm;*

Antiarthritic; Antidiabetic 2-4 mg/day; Antiinflammatory; Antinociceptive; Contraceptive;
Hypocholesterolemic; Schizophrenigenic

CYSTEINE *Seed 5,740 ppm;*

AntiAddisonian; Antibiotic; Anticataract; Anticytotoxic; Antiophthalmic; Antioxidant;
Antitumor; Antiulcer; Cancer-Preventive; Detoxicant; Glutathionergic; Ophthalmic-
Antialkali; Pesticide

DEHYDROASCORBIC-ACID *Fruit Juice 30 ppm;*

No activity reported.

FAT *Bud 24,800 ppm; Fruit 4,000 - 29,400 ppm Seed 54,000 - 182,000 ppm*

No activity reported.

FIBER *Bud 89,400 ppm; Fruit 11,000 - 59,000 ppm Seed 111,000 - 524,000 ppm*

Angiotensin-Receptor-Blocker; Antidiabetic; Antihypertensive; Antiobesity; Antitumor;
Antiulcer; Beta-Blocker; Cancer-Preventive; Cardioprotective; Diuretic;
Hypocholesterolemic; Hypotensive 10 g/man/day/orl; Hypouricemic; Laxative; Vasodilator

FRUCTOSE *Fruit 4,500 - 44,100 ppm*

Antialcoholic; Antidiabetic; Antihangover; Antiketotic; Antinauseant; Laxative; Neoplastic;
Sweetener 2 x glucose

GALACTOSE *Gum:*

Sweetener 0.32 x sucrose

GALACTURONIC-ACID *Stem:*

No activity reported.

GLUCOSE *Fruit 50 - 480 ppm*

Acetylcholinergic; Antiedemic; Antihepatotoxic; Antiketotic; Antivaricose; Hyperglycemic;
Memory-Enhancer

GLUTAMIC-ACID *Bud 16,000 ppm; Seed 37,500 ppm;*

Antialkali? 500-1,000 mg/day/orl/man; Antiepileptic; Antihyperammonemic; Antilithic;
Antiprostaitic 125-250 mg 3 x/day; Antiretardation; Anxiolytic; Neurotoxic

GLYCINE *Bud 4,745 ppm; Seed 14,200 ppm;*

Antiacid; Antialdosteronic; Antidote (Hypoglycin-A); Antiencephalopathic; Antigastric;
Antiprostatic 125-250 mg 3 x/day; Antipruritic; Antisickling; Antiulcer; Cancer-
Preventive; Neuroinhibitor; Uricosuric

HISTAMINE *Bud 2,555 ppm; Seed 4,550 ppm;*

Allergenic; Antichilblain; AntiMeniere's; Antimigraine; Bronchoconstrictor;
Bronchostimulant; Cardiovascular 0.15 mg/kg ivn rbt; Gastrostimulant; Histaminic
Antidote: Adrenaline; Hypotensive; Irritant; Myostimulant; Radioprotective; Secretagogue;
Spasmogenic; Tachycardic; Ulcerogenic 100 mg/kg ipr rat; Vasodilator

INDICAXANTHIN *Fruit:*

Pigment

IRON *Fruit 12 - 65 ppm Seed 100 ppm;*

Antiakathic; Antianemic; Anticheilitic; Antimenorrhagic 100 mg/day/wmn/orl

ISOBETANIN *Fruit:*

Pigment

ISOLEUCINE *Bud 4,140 ppm; Seed 6,775 ppm;*

Antiencephalopathic?; Antipellagic; Essential

ISORHAMNETIN-GLUCOSIDE *Flower:*

No activity reported.

KAEMPFEROL *Flower:*

11B-HSD-Inhibitor; 5-Lipoxygenase-Inhibitor IC_{50} (μM) = 20; Aldose-Reductase-Inhibitor
100 μM ; Antiaflatoxin IC_{50} = 3.28 ppm IC_{50} = 8.73 μM ; Antiaggregant 30 μM ; Antiallergic;
Antibacterial 20 $\mu g/ml$; Anticancer; Antifertility 250 mg/kg day/60 days/orl rat;
Antigingivitic 20 $\mu g/ml$; Antiherpetic 23-92 $\mu g/ml$; Antihistaminic; Antiimplantation;
Antiinflammatory 20 mg/kg 200 mg/kg ipr rat; Antileukemic IC_{50} = 3.1 $\mu g/ml$;
Antilymphocytic; Antimutagenic ID_{50} = 10-40 nM; Antioxidant 3/4 quercetin IC_{50} = 1.2
 $\mu g/ml$ IC_{50} = 40 μM ; Antiperiodontic 20 $\mu g/ml$; Antiplatelet; Antiradicular 7 x quercetin;
Antiseptic 20 $\mu g/ml$; Antiscrotonin 200 mg/kg ipr rat; Antispasmodic; Antistaphylococcal;
Antitumor; Antitumor-Promoter; Antiulcer 50-200 mg/kg ipr rat; Antiviral 23-92 $\mu g/ml$;
Apoptotic 60 μM ; Aromatase-Inhibitor IC_{12} = 1 $\mu M/l$; cAMP-Phosphodiesterase-Inhibitor;
Cancer-Preventive; Carcinogenic; Choleretic; Copper-Chelator; COX-2-Inhibitor;
Cyclooxygenase-Inhibitor IC_{50} (μM) = 20; Cytotoxic; Diaphoretic?; Diuretic; Estrogenic
 EC_{50} = 0.1-25 $\mu M/l$ EC_{50} = 0.56 μM ; Hepatoprotective IC_{50} = 1.30 ppm IC_{50} = 5.46 μM ;
HIV-RT-Inhibitor IC_{50} = 50-150 $\mu g/ml$; Hypotensive; Inotropic; Iodothyronine-Deiodinase-
Inhibitor; Lipoxygenase-Inhibitor; MAO-Inhibitor; Mutagenic; Natriuretic;
Neuroprotective; PAF-Inhibitor; Pesticide; Protistocidal; Quinone-Reductase-Inducer 3 μM ;
Teratologic; Topoisomerase-I-Inhibitor; Topoisomerase-II-Inhibitor IC_{50} = 8.1 $\mu g/ml$;
Tyrosinase-Inhibitor ID_{50} = 230 μM ; Uterotrophic EC_{50} = 0.1-25 $\mu M/l$; Vasodilator

KILOCALORIES *Bud 1,140 /kg; Fruit 670 - 3,600 /kg*

No activity reported.

LEUCINE *Seed 12,800 ppm;*

Antiencephalopathic; Essential

LINOLEIC-ACID Seed 39,640 - 133,590 ppm

5-Alpha-Reductase-Inhibitor; Antiacne; Antiallopecic; Antianaphylactic; Antiandrogenic; Antiarteriosclerotic; Antiarthritic; Anticoronary; Antieczemic; Antifibrinolytic; Antigranular; Antihistaminic; Antiinflammatory $IC_{50}=31 \mu M$; Antileukotriene-D4; Antimenorrhagic; AntiMS; Antiprosthetic; Cancer-Preventive; Carcinogenic; Comedolytic; Hepatoprotective; Hypocholesterolemic; Immunomodulator; Insectifuge; Metastatic; Nematicide; Propeic

LINOLEOYLDIOLEIN Seed:

No activity reported.

LUTEOLIN Flower:

Aldose-Reductase-Inhibitor $EC=3 ppm$ $IC_{50}=0.45 \mu M$ rat; Antiallergic; Antiatherogenic; Antibacterial $MIC=500 \mu g/ml$; Anticarcinogenic; Anticarcinomic; Anticataract $EC=3 ppm$; Anticomplementary; Antidermatic; Antiestrogenic; Antifeedant $IC_{52}<1,000 ppm$ diet; Antiherpetic $11-23 \mu g/ml$; Antihistaminic $<10-15 \mu M$; AntiHIV; Antiinflammatory =indomethacin; Antileukemic $20-50 \mu M$; Antilymphomic; Antimelanomic; Antimutagenic $ID_{50}=2-5 nM$; Antinociceptive; Antioxidant $IC_{50}=10 \mu M$; Antipolio; Antiproliferant; Antispasmodic; Antitumor $1-50 \mu M$; Antitumor (brain); Antitumor (Colon); Antitumor (Kidney); Antitumor (Lung); Antitumor (Ovary); Antitumor (Pancreas); Antitumor (Skin) $20 \mu M$; Antitumor (Stomach); Antitumor (Thyroid) $12-50 \mu M$; Antitussive; Antiviral $11-23 \mu g/ml$; Aphidifuge; Apoptotic $12-50 \mu M$; Aromatase-Inhibitor $IC_{35}=1 \mu M/l$; Beta-Glucuronidase-Inhibitor $IC_{50}=\sim 40 \mu M$; Calcium-Antagonist $IC_{50}=1.2 \mu M$ rbt; Cancer-Preventive; Chemopreventive; Choleric; Cytotoxic $1-50 \mu M$; Deiodinase-Inhibitor; Differentiator $IC>40=40 \mu M$; Diuretic; Estrogenic 58% genistein; Hepatoprotective; Hyaluronidase-Inhibitor $IC_{50}+=100-250 \mu M$; Iodothyronine-Deiodinase-Inhibitor; Lipoxigenase-Inhibitor; Metalloproteinase-Inhibitor; MMP-9-Inhibitor $20 \mu M$; Myorelaxant; NEP-Inhibitor $IC_{50}= >42 \mu M$; Pesticide; Proliferant; Prostaglandin-Synthetase-Inhibitor; Protein-Kinase-C-Inhibitor $IC_{70}=50 \mu M$; PTK-Inhibitor $10-100 \mu M$; Succinoxidase-Inhibitor; Topoisomerase-I-Inhibitor; Vasodilator; Xanthine-Oxidase-Inhibitor $IC_{50}=0.11 \mu g/ml$

LYSINE Bud 6,005 ppm; Seed 6,275 ppm;

Antialkalotic; Antiherpetic $0.5-3 g/day$; Essential; Hypoarginanemic $250 mg/kg$

MAGNESIUM Bud 1,420 ppm; Seed 790 ppm;

Antiaggregant $400 mg/day$; Antianginal; Antianorectic; Antianxiety; Antiarrhythmic; Antiarthritic; Antiasthmatic; Antiatherosclerotic; Anticonvulsant; Anticoronary; Antidepressant; Antidiabetic $400-800 mg/man/day$; Antidysmenorrhoeic $100 mg$ 4 x/day; Antiepileptic $450 mg/day$; Antiglaucomic; Antihyperkinetic; Antihypertensive; Antihypoglycemic; Antiinflammatory $100 mg$ 4 x/day; Antiinsomniac; Antilithic; Antimastalgic; Antimigraine $200 mg/day$; Antineurotic; Antiosteoporotic $500-1,000 mg/day/wmn/orl$; AntiPMS $400-800 mg/day/wmn/orl$; Antiretinopathic $400 mg/day$; Antispasmophilic $500 mg/day$; Antistroke $400 mg/day$; Antisyndrome-X $400 mg/man/day$; Calcium-Antagonist; CNS-Depressant; Diuretic; Hypocholesterolemic $400 mg/day$; Hypotensive $260-500 mg/day$; Insulinogenic $400 mg/day$; Myorelaxant $100 mg$ 4 x/day; Uterorelaxant; Vasodilator

MALIC-ACID Fruit 180 - 1,700 ppm

Antiatherosclerotic; Antibacterial; Antioxidant Synergist; Antiseborrheic; Antiseptic; Antitubercular; Antitumor; Bacteristat; Bruchiphobe; Hemopoietic; Laxative?

Mycobactericide; Pesticide; Sialogogue

METHIONINE *Bud 1,890 ppm; Seed 4,830 ppm;*

Anticataract; Antidote (Acetaminophen) 10 g/16hr/man/orl; Antidote (Paracetamol); Antieczemic; Antihepatotic; Antioxidant; Antiparkinsonian 1-5 g/day; Cancer-Preventive; Emetic; Essential; Glutathionigenic; Hepatoprotective; Lipotropic; Urine-Acidifier 200 mg/3x/day/man/orl; Urine-Deodorant

NEOBETANIN *Plant:*

No activity reported.

NIACIN *Bud 4.6 ppm; Fruit 3 - 27 ppm*

Allergenic; Antiacrodynic; Antiallergic 50 mg/2x/day; Antiamblyopic; Antianginal; Antichilblain; Anticonvulsant 3 g/day; Antidermatitic; Antidysphagic; Antiepileptic; Antihistaminic 50 mg/2x/day; Antihyperactivity 1.5-6 g/day; Antiinsomnic 1 g/day; AntiMeniere's; Antineuralgic; Antiparkinsonian 100 mg/day; Antipellagic; Antiscotomic; Antispasmodic 100 mg/2x/day; Antivertigo; Cancer-Preventive; Hepatoprotective; Hypoglycemic; Hypolipidemic; Sedative; Serotonergic; Vasodilator

OLEIC-ACID *Seed 4,750 - 16,015 ppm*

5-Alpha-Reductase-Inhibitor; Allergenic; Alpha-Reductase-Inhibitor; Anemiagenic; Antiallopecic; Antiandrogenic; Antiinflammatory IC50=21 uM; Antileukotriene-D4; Cancer-Preventive; Choleric 5 ml/man; Dermatitigenic; FLavor FEMA 1-30; Hypcholesterolemic; Insectifuge; Irritant; Percutancostimulant; Perfumery; Propecic

OPUNTIA XANTHIN *Fruit:*

No activity reported.

PALMITIC-ACID *Seed 6,480 - 21,840 ppm*

5-Alpha-Reductase-Inhibitor; Antiallopecic; Antiandrogenic; Antifibrinolytic; Antioxidant IC40=60; FLavor FEMA 1; Hemolytic; Hypercholesterolemic; Lubricant; Nematicide; Pesticide; Propecic; Soap

PALMITOYL DILINOLEIN *Seed:*

No activity reported.

PECTIN *Fruit:*

Antiatheromic 15 g/man/day; Antibacterial; Antidiabetic 10 g/man/day/orl; Antidiarrheic; Antimutagenic; Antiobesity; Antitumor (Colon); Antitussive; Antiulcer; Cancer-Preventive; Chemopreventive; Demulcent; Fungicide; Hemostat; Hypcholesterolemic; Hypoglycemic; Peristaltic; Pesticide

PENDULETIN *Flower:*

Antipolio; Antirhinoviral; Antiviral; Pesticide

PHENYLALANINE *Bud 4,250 ppm; Seed 8,255 ppm;*

AntiADD 587 mg/day/orl; Antidepressant 50-4,000 mg/day/man; Antiparkinsonian 200-500 mg/day/man; Antisickling 690 ug/ml; Antivitaligic 100 mg/kg/day/orl/man; Monoamine-Precursor; Tremorigenic 1,600-12,600 mg/man/day

PHOSPHORUS *Bud 243 ppm; Fruit 320 - 1,985 ppm Seed 1,605 ppm;*
Antiosteoporotic; Immunostimulant; Osteogenic

PISCIDIC-ACID *Plant:*
No activity reported.

PISCIDIC-ACID-DIETHYLETHER *Flower:*
No activity reported.

PISCIDIC-ACID-METHYL-ESTER *Flower:*
No activity reported.

PISCIDIC-ACID-MONOETHYLETHER *Flower:*
No activity reported.

POTASSIUM *Bud 2,600 ppm; Fruit 700 - 6,615 ppm Seed 1,720 ppm;*
Angiotensin-Receptor-Blocker; Antiarrhythmic; Antidepressant; Antifatigue;
Antihypertensive; Antispasmodic; Beta-Blocker; Cardiotoxic 18,000 mg/man/day; Diuretic;
Vasodilator

PROLINE *Bud 3,995 ppm; Seed 10,500 ppm;*
No activity reported.

PROTEIN *Bud 110,300 ppm; Fruit 11,000 - 73,500 ppm Seed 121,000 - 175,300 ppm*
No activity reported.

QUERCITRIN *Flower:*
ACE-Inhibitor $IC_{50}=0.67$ mM; Aldose-Reductase-Inhibitor 0.1-100 μ M 0.5-4 μ g/ml
 $IC_{50}=2$ μ M $IC_{50}=64$ μ M rat $IC_{50}=0.1$ μ M $IC_{50}=0.15$ μ M; Antiarrhythmic; Antibacterial;
Anticataract; Antiedemic; Antifeedant $IC_{50}<1,000$ ppm diet; Antiflu; Antihemorrhagic;
Antihepatotoxic; Antiherpetic; Antiinflammatory; Antimutagenic $ID_{50}=2-5$ nM;
Antioxidant $IC_{50}=120$ μ M; Antipurpuric; Antispasmodic; Antistaphylococcic 0.412%;
Antithrombogenic; Antitumor; Antiulcer; Antiviral; Cancer-Preventive; Cardiotonic;
Choleretic; CNS-Depressant; Cyclooxygenase-Activator 200 μ M; Detoxicant; Diuretic;
Dye; Hemostat; Hepatotonic; Hypoglycemic; Hypotensive; Insectiphile; MAO-A-Inhibitor;
MAO-Inhibitor; Paralytic; Pesticide; Vasopressor

QUINIC-ACID *Fruit 150 - 1,400 ppm*
Choleretic

RHAMNOSE *Gum:*
No activity reported.

RIBOFLAVIN *Bud 0.6 ppm; Fruit 0.2 - 2.2 ppm*
Antiarabiflavinotic 2-10 mg orl/day; Anticarpal-Tunnel 50 mg/day; Anticataract 15 mg/day;
Anticheilitic; Antidecubitic; Antiglossitic; Antikeratitic; Antimigraine; Antipellagic;
Antiphotophobic; Cancer-Preventive

RUTIN *Flower:*
Aldose-Reductase-Inhibitor 100 μ M 4 μ g/ml; Allelochemic; Antiallergic; Antiapoplectic;

Antiatherogenic; Antibacterial; Anticancer; Anticapillary-Fragility 20-100 mg orl/man;
 Anticataract; Anticlastogen; Anticonvulsant; AntiCVI 270 mg/man/day; Antidementia;
 Antidermatitic; Antidiabetic; Antiedemic 270 mg/day/orl man; Antierythemic; Antifeedant;
 Antiglaucomic 60 mg/day; Antihematuric; Antihemorrhoidal; Antihepatotoxic;
 Antiherpetic; Antihistaminic; Antihypertensive; Antiinflammatory 20 mg/kg; Antimalarial
 IC50=>100 ug/ml; Antimutagenic ID50=2-5 nM; Antinephritic; Antinociceptive;
 Antioxidant IC28=30 ppm IC50=120 uM IC54=10 uM; Antiplatelet; Antiprotozoal;
 Antipurpuric; Antiradicular 9 x quercetin; Antispasmodic; Antisunburn; Antithrombogenic;
 Antitrypanosomic 100 mg/kg; Antitumor; Antitumor-Promoter; Antiulcer; Antivaricose;
 Antiviral; cAMP-Phosphodiesterase-Inhibitor; Cancer-Preventive; Capillariprotective;
 Catabolic; Estrogenic?; Hemostat; Hepatomagenic 20,000 ppm (diet) rat; Hepatoprotective
 20 mg/kg rat; Hypocholesterolemic; Hypotensive; Immunomodulator; Insecticide;
 Insectiphile; Juvabional; Larvostat IC95=4,000-8,000 ppm diet; Lipxygenase-Inhibitor
 IC75=2.5 mM; Mutagenic; Myoprotective; Myorelaxant; Oviposition-Stimulant; Pesticide;
 Protisticide; Radioprotective; Sunscreen; Topoisomerase-II-Inhibitor IC50=1 ug/ml;
 Vasodilator; Vasopressor

SERINE Bud 3,830 ppm; Seed 7,665 ppm;
 Cancer-Preventive

SHIKIMIC-ACID Fruit 25 - 220 ppm
 Analgesic; Anticancer; Anticonvulsant; Antioxidant 7 x quercetin; Antiradicular;
 Antispasmodic; Antitumor; Antitumor-Promoter; Bruchifuge; Cancer-Preventive;
 Carcinogenic; Ileorelaxant; Mutagenic; Pesticide

SODIUM Bud 90 ppm; Seed 714 ppm;
 Hypertensive

STEARIC-ACID Seed 3,130 - 10,555 ppm
 5-Alpha-Reductase-Inhibitor; Cosmetic; FLavor FEMA 2-4,000; Hypocholesterolemic;
 Lubricant; Perfumery; Propeic; Suppository

SUCROSE Fruit:
 Aggregant; Antihiccup 1 tsp; Antiophthalmic; Antioxidant; Atherogenic; Collyrium;
 Demulcent; Flatugenic; Hypercholesterolemic; Preservative; Sweetener 1 x sucrose;
 Triglycerigenic; Uricogenic; Vulnerary

SUGARS Fruit 56,000 - 560,000 ppm
 No activity reported.

THIAMIN Bud 0.1 ppm; Fruit 0.1 - 1.3 ppm
 Analgesic 1-4 g/day; Antialcoholic; Antialzheimeran 100-3,000 mg/day; Antianorectic;
 Antibackache 1-4 g/day; Antiberiberi; Anticardiospasmic; Anticolitic; Antidecubitic;
 Antideliriant; Antiencephalopathic; Antifatigue; Antigastric; Antiheartburn; Antiherpetic;
 Antimigraine; Antimyocarditic; Antineuralgic; Antineurasthenic; Antineuritic;
 Antineuropathic 50 mg; Antipoliomyelitic; Insectifuge 75-150 mg/man/day; Pesticide

THREONINE Bud 3,845 ppm; Seed 7,330 ppm;
 Antioxidant?; Antiulcer; Essential; FLavor FEMA 1,000

TOCOPHEROL *Bud 2.5 ppm;*

5-HETE-Inhibitor; Allergenic; Analgesic 100 IU 3 x day; Antiaggregant; Antiaging; Antialzheimeran 2,000 IU; Antiangular 1,067 mg/man/day; Antiarteriosclerotic; Antiatherosclerotic; Antibronchitic; Anticancer (Breast) IC50=125 ug/ml; Anticariogenic; Anticataract; Antichorea; Antichoreic; Anticoronary 100-200 IU/day; Antidecubitic; Antidermatitic; Antidiabetic 600-1,200 mg/day; Antidysmenorrheic; Antiepitheleomic; Antifibrositic; Antiherpetic; Antiinflammatory; Antiischemic; Antileukemic 100-250 uM; Antileukotriene; Antilithic 600 mg/day; Antilupus; Antimastalgic; AntiMD; AntiMS; Antimyoclonic; Antineuritic; Antinitrosaminic; Antiophthalmic; Antiosteoarthritic; Antioxidant IC36=10 uM IC50=30 ug/ml IC95=650 uM; Antiparkinsonian; AntiPMS 300 IU 2 x day; Antiproliferant IC50=150 ug/ml; Antiradicular; Antiretinopathic?; Antisenility; Antisickling; Antispasmodic 300 mg/man/day; Antisterility; Antistroke; Antisunburn; Antisyndrome-X; Antithalassemic; Antithrombotic 600 IU/day; Antithromboxane-B2; Antitoxemic; Antitumor 7 uM ckn; Antitumor (Breast) 100-250 uM IC50=125 ug/ml; Antitumor (Colorectal) 500-10,000 uM; Antitumor (Prostate) 100-250 uM; Antiulcerogenic 67 mg/man/3 x/day/orl; Apoptotic 100-250 uM; Cancer-Preventive; Cerebroprotective; Circulatory-Stimulant; Hepatoprotective; Hypocholesterolemic 100-450 IU/man/day; Hypoglycemic 600 IU/man/day; Immunostimulant 60-800 IU; Insulin-Sparing 1,000 IU; Lipooxygenase-Inhibitor; Ornithine-Decarboxylase-Inhibitor 400 mg/kg; P21-Inducer 500-10,000 uM; Phospholipase-A2-Inhibitor; Protein-Kinase-C-Inhibitor 10-50 uM IC50=450 uM; Vasodilator

TRYPTOPHAN *Seed 1,665 ppm;*

Analgesic 750 mg/4x/day/orl/man; Antianxiety 500-1,000 mg/meal; Antidementia 3 g/day; Antidepressant 1-3 g/3x/day/orl/man; Antidyskinetic 2-8 g/orl/wmn/day; Antihypertensive; Antiinsomniac 1-3 g/day; Antimanic 12 g/man/day/orl; Antimenopausal 6 g/day; Antimigraine 500 mg/man/4x/day; Antioxidant 125 ug/ml; Antiparkinsonian 2 g 3 x/day; Antiphenylketonuric; Antiprostaglandin 250 pg/ml; Antipsychotic 12 g/man/day; Antirheumatic; Antiscoliotic; Carcinogenic; Essential; Hypnotic; Hypoglycemic; Hypotensive 3 g/day; Insulinase-Inhibitor; Insulinotonic; Monoamine-Precursor; Prolactinogenic; Sedative 3-10 g/man/day; Serotonergic 6-12 g/day/orl/man; Tumor-Promoter

TYROSINE *Bud 3,220 ppm; Seed 6,590 ppm;*

Antidepressant?; Antiencephalopathic; Antiparkinsonian 100 mg/kg/day; Antiphenylketonuric; Antiulcer 256 mg scu 400 mg/kg ipr rat; Cancer-Preventive; Monoamine-Precursor

URONIC-ACID *Gum:*

No activity reported.

VALINE *Bud 5,485 ppm; Seed 10,500 ppm;*

Antiencephalopathic; Essential; FLavor FEMA 1,000-2,000

VIT-D0.07 *Bud:*

No activity reported.

WATER *Bud 952,600 ppm; Fruit 814,000 - 86,400 ppm Seed 53,000 - 136,000 ppm*

No activity reported.

XYLOSE Gum:

Antidiabetic; Diagnostic; Dye

ZINC Seed 15 ppm;

ACE-Inhibitor; Antiacne 135 mg/day; Antiacrodermatitic 8-34 mg/day/orl/chd;
 Antialopepic; Antialzheimeran 50 mg/day; Antianorexic; Antiarthritic? 50
 mg/3x/day/orl/man; Anticanker 100 mg/day; Anticataract 30 mg/day; Anticoeliac; Anticold
 50 mg; Anticolitic; Anticoronary 30 mg/day; AntiCrohn's; Antidandruff; Antidiabetic;
 Antidote (Cadmium); Antieczemic 150 mg/day; Antiencephalopathic; Antiepileptic 100
 mg/day; Antifuruncular 45 mg/3x/day/man; Antiherpetic? 25 mg/day; Antiimpotence;
 Antiinfective 50 mg/day; Antiinfertility 60 mg/day; Antiinsomniac; Antileptic;
 Antileukonychia; Antiobesity 30 mg/day; Antiplatelet; Antiprolactin; Antiprosthetic 50
 mg/man/day/orl; Antirheumatic; Antispasmodic 30 mg/day; Antistomatitic 50
 mg/man/3x/day; Antisyndrome-X 30 mg/day; Antitinnitic 60-120 mg/day; Antitriglyceride
 30 mg/day; Antiulcer 50 mg/3x/day/man 88 mg/rat/day/15 days; Antiviral?; Astringent;
 Copper-Antagonist; Deodorant; Hypotensive 30 mg/day; Immunostimulant;
 Immunosuppressant 300 mg/day/6 wks/orl/man; Insulinogenic 30 mg/day; Leptogenic 30-
 60 mg/man/day; Mucogenic; Pesticide; Spermigenic 60 mg/day; Testosteronogenic;
 Trichomonicide; Vulnerary

ppm = parts per million

tr = trace

*Phytochemical Database, USDA - ARS - NGRL, Beltsville Agricultural Research Center, Beltsville,
 Maryland*

Wed Oct 27 13:56:49 EDT 2004

Please send questions and comments to:

James A. Duke

*Jim Duke
 Green Farmacy Garden
 8210 Murphy Road
 Fulton, MD 20759*

or

Mary Jo Bogenschutz (E-Mail: bogie@hawaii.rr.com)

Please send technical questions and comments to:

WebMaster (E-Mail: dbmuqs@ars-grin.gov)

The USDA does not recommend self diagnosis or self medication. Please see the [disclaimer](#) for more information.



Phytochemical and Ethnobotanical Databases

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Activities

The number in () indicates how many separate chemicals this species has for that activity, for example, *Analgesic* (3) indicates this species has three separate chemicals that have Analgesic activity. Select the activity to see the chemicals.

11B-HSD-Inhibitor (1)
5-Alpha-Reductase-Inhibitor (4)
5-HETE-Inhibitor (1)
5-Lipoxygenase-Inhibitor (1)
ACE-Inhibitor (2)
Acaricide (1)
Acetylcholinergic (1)
Acidifier (1)
Acidulant (1)
Additive (2)
Adrenergic (1)
Aggregant (1)
Aldose-Reductase-Inhibitor (5)
Allelochemic (1)
Allergenic (6)
Alpha-Amylase-Inhibitor (1)
Alpha-Reductase-Inhibitor (1)
Analgesic (5)
Androgenic (1)
Androgenic? (1)
Anemiagenic (1)
Angiotensin-Receptor-Blocker (3)
Anorexic (1)
AntiADD (1)
AntiAGE (1)
AntiAddisonian (1)
AntiCVI (1)
AntiCrohn's (2)
AntiHIV (1)
AntiMD (1)
AntiMS (2)
AntiMeniere's (2)

AntiPMS (4)
Antiacid (1)
Antiacne (3)
Antiacrodermatitic (1)
Antiacrodynic (1)
Antiadenomic (1)
Antiaflatoxin (1)
Antiaggregant (5)
Antiaging (3)
Antiakathisic (1)
Antialcoholic (2)
Antialdosteronic (1)
Antialkali? (1)
Antialkalotic (1)
Antiallergic (5)
Antialopepic (4)
Antialzheimeran (3)
Antiamblyopic (1)
Antianaphylactic (1)
Antiandrogenic (4)
Antianemic (1)
Antianginal (3)
Antianorectic (2)
Antianorexic (1)
Antianxiety (3)
Antiaphthic (1)
Antiapoplectic (1)
Antiarabiflavinotic (1)
Antiarrhythmic (3)
Antiarteriosclerotic (2)
Antiartritic (4)
Antiartritic? (1)
Antiasthmatic (3)
Antiatherogenic (2)
Antiatheromic (1)
Antiatherosclerotic (6)
Antibackache (1)
Antibacterial (11)
Antiberiberi (1)
Antibiotic (1)
Antibronchitic (1)
Anticalculic (1)
Anticancer (4)
Anticancer (Breast) (2)
Anticanker (1)
Anticapillary-Fragility (1)
Anticarcinogenic (1)
Anticarcinomic (2)
Anticardiospasmic (1)
Anticariogenic (1)
Anticarpal-Tunnel (1)

Anticataract (9)
Anticheilitic (2)
Antichilblain (2)
Antichorea (1)
Antichoreic (1)
Anticlastogen (1)
Anticoagulant (1)
Anticoeliac (1)
Anticold (2)
Anticolitic (2)
Anticomplementary (1)
Anticonvulsant (4)
Anticoronary (5)
Anticytotoxic (1)
Antidandruff (1)
Antidecubitic (4)
Antideliriant (1)
Antidementia (2)
Antidepressant (6)
Antidepressant? (1)
Antidermatic (1)
Antidermatitic (3)
Antidiabetic (10)
Antidiabetic? (1)
Antidiarrheic (1)
Antidote (Acetaminophen) (1)
Antidote (Aluminum) (2)
Antidote (Cadmium) (2)
Antidote (Hypoglycin-A) (1)
Antidote (Lead) (2)
Antidote (Paracetamol) (1)
Antidote (Paraquat) (1)
Antidyskinetic (1)
Antidysmenorrheic (2)
Antidysphagic (1)
Antieczemic (4)
Antiedemic (5)
Antiencephalitic (1)
Antiencephalopathic (7)
Antiencephalopathic? (1)
Antiepileptic (4)
Antiepitheleomic (1)
Antierythemic (1)
Antiestrogenic (2)
Antifatigue (2)
Antifeedant (5)
Antifertility (2)
Antifibrinolytic (2)
Antifibrositic (1)
Antiflu (1)
Antifuruncular (1)

Antigastritic (2)
Antigingivitic (2)
Antiglaucomic (3)
Antiglossitic (1)
Antigonadotrophic (1)
Antigranular (1)
Antihangover (1)
Antiheartburn (1)
Antihematuric (1)
Antihemorrhagic (2)
Antihemorrhoidal (1)
Antihepatitic (2)
Antihepatotic (1)
Antihepatotoxic (5)
Antiherpetic (8)
Antiherpetic? (1)
Antihiccup (1)
Antihistaminic (7)
Antihyperactivity (1)
Antihyperammonemic (1)
Antihyperkeratotic (1)
Antihyperkinetic (2)
Antihyperlipoproteinaemic (1)
Antihypertensive (8)
Antihypoglycemic (1)
Antiichthyotic (1)
Antiimplantation (1)
Antiimpotence (2)
Antiinfective (1)
Antiinfertility (3)
Antiinflammatory (13)
Antiinsomniac (4)
Antiinsomnic (1)
Antiischemic (1)
Antikeratitic (1)
Antiketotic (2)
Antileptic (2)
Antileukemic (4)
Antileukonychic (1)
Antileukoplakic (1)
Antileukotriene (1)
Antileukotriene-D4 (2)
Antilithic (3)
Antilupus (2)
Antilymphocytic (1)
Antilymphomic (2)
Antimalarial (1)
Antimanic (1)
Antimastalgic (2)
Antimastitic (1)
Antimeasles (1)

Antimelanomic (1)
Antimenopausal (1)
Antimenorrhagic (2)
Antimigraine (6)
Antimorphinic (1)
Antimutagenic (9)
Antimyocarditic (1)
Antimyoclonic (1)
Antinauseant (1)
Antinephritic (1)
Antineuralgic (2)
Antineurasthenic (1)
Antineuritic (2)
Antineuropathic (1)
Antineurotic (1)
Antinitrosaminic (1)
Antinitrosic (1)
Antinociceptive (4)
Antiobesity (4)
Antiophidic (2)
Antiophthalmic (3)
Antiorchitic (1)
Antiosteoarthritic (2)
Antiosteoporotic (4)
Antioxidant (22)
Antioxidant Synergist (3)
Antioxidant? (2)
Antiozenic (1)
Antiparkinsonian (7)
Antiparotitic (1)
Antipellagric (3)
Antiperiodontic (1)
Antiperiodontitic (2)
Antiperoxidant (1)
Antiphenylketonuric (2)
Antiphotophobic (2)
Antipityriasic (1)
Antiplaque (2)
Antiplaquet (1)
Antipneumonic (1)
Antipodriac (1)
Antipolio (2)
Antipoliomyelitic (2)
Antiporphyric (1)
Antiprogestational (1)
Antiprolactin (1)
Antiproliferant (3)
Antiprostaglandin (2)
Antiprostataadenomic (1)
Antiprostatitic (5)
Antiprotozoal (1)

Antipruritic (1)
Antipsoriac (1)
Antipsychotic (1)
Antipurpuric (2)
Antipyretic (2)
Antiradicular (6)
Antiretardation (1)
Antiretinopathic (1)
Antiretinopathic? (1)
Antirheumatic (2)
Antirhinoviral (1)
Antiscoliotic (1)
Antiscorbutic (1)
Antiscotomic (1)
Antiseborrheic (2)
Antisenility (1)
Antiseptic (5)
Antiserotonin (1)
Antishingles (1)
Antisickling (3)
Antispare-Tire (1)
Antispasmodic (9)
Antispasmophilic (1)
Antistaphylococcic (2)
Antisterility (1)
Antistomatitic (1)
Antistress (1)
Antistroke (2)
Antisunburn (2)
Antisyndrome-X (4)
Antithalasemic (1)
Antithrombogenic (2)
Antithrombotic (1)
Antithromboxane-B₂ (1)
Antitic (1)
Antitinnitic (1)
Antitoxemic (1)
Antitriglyceride (1)
Antitrypanosomic (1)
Antitubercular (2)
Antitumor (11)
Antitumor (Breast) (2)
Antitumor (Cervix) (1)
Antitumor (Colon) (2)
Antitumor (Colorectal) (1)
Antitumor (Kidney) (1)
Antitumor (Lung) (3)
Antitumor (Ovary) (1)
Antitumor (Pancreas) (1)
Antitumor (Prostate) (1)
Antitumor (Skin) (1)

Antitumor (Stomach) (1)
Antitumor (Thyroid) (1)
Antitumor (brain) (1)
Antitumor-Promoter (3)
Antitussive (2)
Antiulcer (12)
Antiulcerogenic (1)
Antivaricose (2)
Antivertigo (1)
Antiviral (9)
Antiviral? (1)
Antivirilgic (1)
Antixerophthalmic (1)
Anxiolytic (1)
Aphidifuge (1)
Aphrodisiac (1)
Apoptotic (4)
Aromatase-Inhibitor (2)
Artemicide (2)
Asthma-preventive (1)
Astringent (1)
Atherogenic (1)
Bacteristat (1)
Beta-Adrenergic Receptor Blocker (1)
Beta-Blocker (2)
Beta-Glucuronidase-Inhibitor (2)
Bronchoconstrictor (1)
Bronchostimulant (1)
Bruchifuge (1)
Bruchiphobe (2)
CNS-Active (1)
CNS-Depressant (3)
CNS-Paralytic (1)
COX-1-Inhibitor (1)
COX-2-Inhibitor (2)
Calcium-Antagonist (3)
Calcium-Channel-Blocker (1)
Cancer-Preventive (27)
Candidicide (2)
Capillariprotective (1)
Carcinogenic (4)
Cardioprotective (1)
Cardiotonic (1)
Cardiotoxic (1)
Cardiovascular (3)
Catabolic (1)
Cerebroprotective (1)
Chemopreventive (2)
Choleretic (5)
Circulatory-Stimulant (1)
Cold-preventive (1)

Collagenic (1)
Collyrium (1)
Colorant (1)
Comedolytic (1)
Contraceptive (1)
Copper-Antagonist (1)
Copper-Chelator (1)
Cosmetic (2)
Cyclooxygenase-Activator (1)
Cyclooxygenase-Inhibitor (1)
Cytotoxic (2)
Deiodinase-Inhibitor (1)
Demulcent (3)
Deodorant (1)
Dermatitigenic (1)
Detoxicant (3)
Diagnostic (1)
Diaphoretic? (1)
Differentiator (1)
Disinfectant (1)
Diuretic (9)
Dye (3)
Emetic (2)
Essential (7)
Estrogenic (4)
Estrogenic? (1)
FLavor (7)
Fatal (1)
Febrifuge (1)
Fistula-Preventive (1)
Flatugenic (1)
Fungicide (1)
Gastrostimulant (1)
Glutathionergic (1)
Glutathionigenic (1)
Gonadotrophic (1)
HIV-RT-Inhibitor (1)
Hallucinogen (1)
Heme-Sparing (1)
Hemolytic (1)
Hemopoietic (1)
Hemostat (5)
Hemostatic (1)
Hepatomagenic (1)
Hepatoprotective (9)
Hepatotonic (1)
Histaminic (1)
Hyaluronidase-Inhibitor (1)
Hypercholesterolemic (4)
Hyperglycemic (1)
Hypertensive (2)

Hypnotic (1)
Hypoammonemic (1)
Hypoarginanemic (1)
Hypocholesterolemic (14)
Hypoglycemic (7)
Hypolipidemic (2)
Hypotensive (10)
Hypouricemic (1)
Ileorelaxant (1)
Immunomodulator (2)
Immunostimulant (5)
Immunosuppressant (1)
Inflammatory (1)
Inotropic (1)
Insecticide (1)
Insectifuge (4)
Insectiphile (2)
Insulin-Sparing (1)
Insulinase-Inhibitor (1)
Insulinogenic (2)
Insulinotonic (1)
Interferon-Synergist (1)
Interferonogenic (1)
Iodothyronine-Deiodinase-Inhibitor (2)
Irritant (6)
Juabional (1)
Larvostat (1)
Laxative (3)
Laxative? (2)
Leptingenic (1)
Lipotropic (1)
Lipoxygenase-Inhibitor (5)
Lithogenic (2)
Litholytic (1)
Lubricant (3)
MAO-A-Inhibitor (1)
MAO-Inhibitor (3)
MMP-9-Inhibitor (1)
Memory-Enhancer (1)
Metalloproteinase-Inhibitor (1)
Metastatic (1)
Monoamine-Precursor (3)
Mucogenic (2)
Mucolytic (1)
Mutagenic (3)
Mycobactericide (2)
Myoprotective (1)
Myorelaxant (3)
Myostimulant (1)
NEP-Inhibitor (1)
NO-Genic (1)

Natriuretic (1)
Nematicide (3)
Neoplastic (1)
Neuroexcitant (1)
Neuroinhibitor (1)
Neuroprotective (1)
Neurotoxic (3)
Odontolytic (1)
Ophthalmic-Antialkali (1)
Ornithine-Decarboxylase-Inhibitor (1)
Osteogenic (1)
Oviposition-Stimulant (1)
Ovulant (1)
Oxidant (1)
P21-Inducer (1)
PAF-Inhibitor (1)
PTK-Inhibitor (1)
Paralytic (1)
Percutaneostimulant (1)
Perfumery (3)
Peristaltic (1)
Pesticide (18)
Phagocytotic (1)
Phospholipase-A2-Inhibitor (1)
Pigment (3)
Pituitary-Stimulant (1)
Preservative (1)
Prolactinogenic (1)
Proliferant (1)
Prooxidant (1)
Propepic (4)
Prostaglandin-Synthetase-Inhibitor (1)
Protein-Kinase-C-Inhibitor (2)
Protisticide (2)
Psychoactive (1)
Psychotomimetic (1)
Quinone-Reductase-Inducer (2)
Radioprotective (2)
Refrigerant (1)
Renotoxic (1)
Roborant (1)
Schizophrenigenic (1)
Secretagogue (1)
Sedative (3)
Sequestrant (1)
Serotonergic (2)
Sialogogue (1)
Soap (1)
Spasmogenic (1)
Spermicide (1)
Spermigenic (2)

Succinoxidase-Inhibitor (1)
Sunscreen (1)
Suppository (1)
Sweetener (3)
Sympathomimetic (2)
Tachycardic (1)
Teratogenic (1)
Teratologic (1)
Testosteronigenic (1)
Thymoprotective (1)
Topoisomerase-I-Inhibitor (2)
Topoisomerase-II-Inhibitor (2)
Tremorigenic (2)
Trichomonicide (1)
Triglycerigenic (1)
Tumor-Promoter (1)
Tyrosinase-Inhibitor (1)
Ubiquiot (2)
Ulcerogenic (2)
Uricogenic (1)
Uricosuric (2)
Urinary-Acidulant (1)
Urine-Acidifier (1)
Urine-Deodorant (1)
Uterorelaxant (1)
Uterotrophic (1)
Varroacide (1)
Vasoconstrictor (1)
Vasodilator (13)
Vasopressor (3)
Vulnerary (3)
Xanthine-Oxidase-Inhibitor (1)
cAMP-Phosphodiesterase-Inhibitor (2)

WARNING and DISCLAIMER

Please send farmacy comments to Jim Duke at:

Jim Duke
Green Farmacy Garden
8210 Murphy Road
Fulton, MD 20759

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[Production Version]

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Cancer-Preventive Activity:

ALANINE
ASCORBIC-ACID
BETA-CAROTENE
BETA-SITOSTEROL
CYSTEINE
FIBER
GLYCINE
ISORHAMNETIN
KAEMPFEROL
LINOLEIC-ACID
LUTEOLIN
METHIONINE
MUCILAGE
MYRISTIC-ACID
N-METHYL-TYRAMINE
NIACIN
OLEIC-ACID
PECTIN
QUERCITRIN
RIBOFLAVIN
RUTIN
SERINE
SHIKIMIC-ACID
STIGMASTEROL
SUCCINIC-ACID
TOCOPHEROL
TYROSINE

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Choleric Activity:

KAEMPFEROL
LUTEOLIN
OLEIC-ACID
QUERCITRIN
QUINIC-ACID

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Diuretic Activity:

ARGININE
ASCORBIC-ACID
CALCIUM
FIBER
KAEMPFEROL
LUTEOLIN
MAGNESIUM
POTASSIUM
QUERCITRIN

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Glutathionergic Activity:

CYSTEINE

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Glutathionigenic Activity:

METHIONINE

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Hepatoprotective Activity:

BETA-SITOSTEROL

ISORHAMNETIN

KAEMPFEROL

LINOLEIC-ACID

LUTEOLIN

METHIONINE

NIACIN

RUTIN

TOCOPHEROL

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Hypercholesterolemic Activity:

LAURIC-ACID
MYRISTIC-ACID
PALMITIC-ACID
SUCROSE

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Hypoglycemic Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID
BETA-SITOSTEROL
NIACIN
PECTIN
QUERCITRIN
TOCOPHEROL
TRYPTOPHAN

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Hypotensive Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID
CALCIUM
FIBER
HISTAMINE
KAEMPFEROL
MAGNESIUM
QUERCITRIN
RUTIN
TRYPTOPHAN
ZINC

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Insulinogenic Activity:

MAGNESIUM
ZINC

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Insulinotonic Activity:

TRYPTOPHAN

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Vasodilator Activity:

ARGININE
ASCORBIC-ACID
CALCIUM
FIBER
HISTAMINE
ISORHAMNETIN
KAEMPFEROL
LUTEOLIN
MAGNESIUM
NIACIN
POTASSIUM
RUTIN
TOCOPHEROL

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Aldose-Reductase-Inhibitor Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID
KAEMPFEROL
LUTEOLIN
QUERCITRIN
RUTIN

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Angiotensin-Receptor-Blocker Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID

FIBER

POTASSIUM

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Antiaging Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID
BETA-CAROTENE
TOCOPHEROL

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Antialdosteronic Activity:

GLYCINE

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Antiatherosclerotic Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID
CALCIUM
CITRIC-ACID
MAGNESIUM
MALIC-ACID
TOCOPHEROL

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Antidiabetic Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID

COPPER

FIBER

FRUCTOSE

MAGNESIUM

PECTIN

RUTIN

TOCOPHEROL

XYLOSE

ZINC

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Antihypertensive Activity:

ARGININE
ASCORBIC-ACID
CALCIUM
FIBER
MAGNESIUM
POTASSIUM
RUTIN
TRYPTOPHAN

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Antiobesity Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID

FIBER

PECTIN

ZINC

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - CactaceaeChemicals with Antioxidant Activity:

ALANINE
ASCORBIC-ACID
BETA-CAROTENE
BETA-SITOSTEROL
BETANIN
CAMPESTEROL
CHOLESTEROL
CYSTEINE
ISORHAMNETIN
KAEMPFEROL
LAURIC-ACID
LUTEOLIN
METHIONINE
MYRISTIC-ACID
PALMITIC-ACID
QUERCITRIN
RUTIN
SHIKIMIC-ACID
STIGMASTEROL
SUCROSE
TOCOPHEROL
TRYPTOPHAN

[Exit](#)

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Antioxidant Synergist Activity:

CITRIC-ACID

MALIC-ACID

TARTARIC-ACID

Exit

Opuntia ficus-indica (L.) MILL. - Cactaceae

Chemicals with Antisynndrome-X Activity:

ASCORBIC-ACID

MAGNESIUM

TOCOPHEROL

ZINC

Exit

1: Am J Clin Nutr. 2004 Aug;80(2):391-5.

Supplementation with cactus pear (*Opuntia ficus-indica*) fruit decreases oxidative stress in healthy humans: a comparative study with vitamin C.

Tesoriere L, Butera D, Pintaudi AM, Allegra M, Livrea MA.

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BACKGROUND: Cactus pear (*Opuntia ficus-indica*) fruit contains vitamin C and characteristic betalain pigments, the radical-scavenging properties and antioxidant activities of which have been shown in vitro. **OBJECTIVE:** We investigated the effects of short-term supplementation with cactus pear fruit compared with vitamin C alone on total-body oxidative status in healthy humans. **DESIGN:** In a randomized, crossover, double-treatment study, 18 healthy volunteers received either 250 g fresh fruit pulp or 75 mg vitamin C twice daily for 2 wk, with a 6-wk washout period between the treatments. Before (baseline) and after each treatment, 8-epi-prostaglandin F(2alpha) (8-epi-PGF(2alpha)) and malondialdehyde in plasma, the ratio of reduced to oxidized glutathione (GSH:GSSG) in erythrocytes, and lipid hydroperoxides in LDL were measured as biomarkers of oxidative stress; plasma Trolox-equivalent antioxidant activity (TEAC) and vitamins A, E, and C were evaluated as indexes of antioxidant status. **RESULTS:** Both treatments caused comparable increases compared with baseline in plasma concentrations of vitamin E and vitamin C ($P < 0.05$); vitamin A and TEAC did not change significantly. After supplementation with cactus pear fruit, 8-epi-PGF(2)alpha and malondialdehyde decreased by approximately 30% and 75%, respectively; GSH:GSSG shifted toward a higher value ($P < 0.05$); and LDL hydroperoxides were reduced by almost one-half. Supplementation with vitamin C did not significantly affect any marker of oxidative stress. **CONCLUSIONS:** Consumption of cactus pear fruit positively affects the body's redox balance, decreases oxidative damage to lipids, and improves antioxidant status in healthy humans. Supplementation with vitamin C at a comparable dosage enhances overall antioxidant defense but does not significantly affect body oxidative stress. Components of cactus pear fruit other than antioxidant vitamins may play a role in the observed effects.

Publication Types:

Clinical Trial

Randomized Controlled Trial

PMID: 15277160 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

1: Mol Cell Biochem. 2004 May;260(1-2):103-10.

Modulation of intracellular calcium concentrations and T cell activation by prickly pear polyphenols.

Aires V, Adote S, Hichami A, Moutairou K, Boustani ES, Khan NA.

UPRES Lipides and Nutrition, Universite de Bourgogne, Faculte des Sciences de la vie 6, Dijon, France.

Opuntia ficus indica (prickly pear) polyphenolic compounds (OFPC) triggered an increase in $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ in human Jurkat T-cell lines. Furthermore, OFPC-induced rise in $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ was significantly curtailed in calcium-free buffer (0% Ca^{2+}) as compared to that in 100% Ca^{2+} medium. Preincubation of cells with tyrphostin A9, an inhibitor of Ca^{2+} release-activated Ca^{2+} (CRAC) channels, significantly diminished the OFPC-induced sustained response on the increases in $[Ca^{2+}]_i$. Lanthanum and nifedipine, the respective inhibitors of voltage-dependent and L-type calcium channels, failed to curtail significantly the OFPC-induced calcium response. As OFPC still stimulated increases in $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ in 0% Ca^{2+} medium, the role of intracellular calcium was investigated. Hence, addition of thapsigargin (TG), an inhibitor of Ca^{2+} -ATPase of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER), during the OFPC-induced peak response exerted an additive effect, indicating that the mechanism of action of these two agents are different. Furthermore, U73122, an inhibitor of IP3 production, completely abolished increases in $[Ca^{2+}]_i$, induced by OFPC, suggesting that these polyphenols induce the production of IP3 that recruits calcium from ER pool. Polyphenolic compounds do act extracellularly as addition of fatty acid-free bovine serum albumin (BSA) significantly diminished the rise in $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ evoked by the formers. OFPC also induced plasma membrane hyperpolarisation which was reversed by addition of BSA. OFPC were found to curtail the expression of IL-2 mRNA and T-cell blastogenesis. Together these results suggest that OFPC induce increases in $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ via ER pool and opening of CRAC channels, and exert immunosuppressive effects in Jurkat T-cells.

PMID: 15228091 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

1: Arch Invest Med (Mex). 1991 Jul-Dec;22(3-4):333-6.

The effect of two sequential doses of *Opuntia streptacantha* upon glycemia

Frati AC, Xilotl Diaz N, Altamirano P, Ariza R, Lopez-Ledesma R.

Departament of Internal Medicine, Hospital de Especialidades CMR, Mexico, D.F.

To find out if a second dose of *O. streptacantha* may enhance its hypoglycemic effect, three tests were performed in fasting condition to 8 type II diabetic subjects and 6 healthy individuals. The tests were as follows: A. 500 g of broiled stems of *O. streptacantha* were given orally initially and two hours later. B. Only the initial dose. C. Control test with water. Serum glucose and C peptide were measured every two hours from 0 to 6 hours. In diabetic patients a significant ($P < 0.01$ vs control) decrease of serum glucose reaching from 41 to 46% less than initial value, was noticed in tests A and B, without differences between them. C peptide did not change. In healthy subjects serum glucose and C peptide did not significantly differ between tests. A second dose of *O. streptacantha*, two hours after the first one, did not improve its hypoglycemic activity.

PMID: 1844121 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

1: Arch Invest Med (Mex). 1990 Apr-Jun;21(2):99-102.

[Activity of *Opuntia streptacantha* in healthy individuals with induced hyperglycemia]

[Article in Spanish]

Frati-Munari AC, Licona-Quesada R, Araiza-Andraca CR, Lopez-Ledesma R, Chavez-Negrete A.

Departamento de medicina Interna, Hospital de Especialidades, Centro Medico La Raza, Mexico, D.F.

Hypoglycemia effect *Opuntia streptacantha* which occur in diabetic has not been found in healthy subjects. To find out if this effect appears also in healthy individuals if they are hyperglycemic, two tests were performed to 7 healthy volunteers. In both tests 500 ml of 20% dextrose were infused in two hours, 500 g of *O. streptacantha* were given orally before one test, and 400 ml of water as control were given before the other one. Serum glucose was measured every 30 minutes during three hours. Glucose rising was significantly (P less than 0.025) lower with *Opuntia* than in control test at 90 and 120 minutes (143 ± 58 vs 193 ± 9 and 135 ± 25 vs 163 ± 13 mg/dl respectively). Area under curve of glucose was also smaller in *Opuntia* than in control test (P less than 0.05). Hypoglycemic effect of *O. streptacantha* also occur in healthy subjects in hyperglycemia is present.

PMID: 2103713 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

1: Arch Invest Med (Mex). 1989 Apr-Jun;20(2):197-201.

[Hypoglycemic action of different doses of nopal (Opuntia streptacantha Lemaire) in patients with type II diabetes mellitus]

[Article in Spanish]

Frati-Munari AC, Del Valle-Martinez LM, Ariza-Andraca CR, Islas-Andrade S, Chavez-Negrete A.

To assess the relationship between the doses of *O. streptacantha* Lem. and its acute hypoglycemic action in diabetics, eight patients with type II diabetes mellitus were studied. Four test were performed to each patient with the intake of: (a) 400 ml of water, (b) 100 g (c) 300 g and (d) 500 g of broiled stems of *O. streptacantha* Lem. Serum glucose was measured at 0, 60, 120 and 180 minutes. Maximal decrease of serum glucose was noticed at 180 minutes, with a mean of 2.3, 10, 30.1 and 46.7 mg/dl less than basal value with 0, 100, 300 and 500 g respectively ($P = \text{NS}$, less than 0.05, less than 0.001 and less than 0.001 respectively). A significant direct correlation ($r = 0.690$, P less than 0.001) was noticed between the doses and the hypoglycemic effect.

PMID: 2557805 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]